the needs of argriculture, small scale industry and exports. To ease the constraints on lending activities of banks the following measures were taken viz.

(i) The scheduled commercial banks were exempted from the 10 per cent incremental cash reserve ratio for any increase in the demand and time liabilities over the level as on April 17, 1992.

(ii) The statutory Liquidity Ratio was reduced on an incremental basis on the increases in domestic liabilities over the level as on April 3, 1992 from 38.5 per cent to 30.0 per cent.

(iii) The incremental net non-food credit-deposit ration which was stipulated since October 1989 was withdrawn and there was no such prescription for 1992-93. This is expected to enable banks to normalise credit facilities.

These measures have been taken in the context of the need to support productive activity and are not related to the problems pertaining to the irregularities in the securities market.

Drug peddling in Delhi

1189. SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR BIRLA: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have at any time made an exercise to identify the drug prone areas in Delhi city where drug peddling is flourishing;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof;

(c) what are the sources/channels of procurement of drugs by the drug peddlers in the city; and

(d) what measures have been taken by Government so far to check this menace and the results achieved?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI RAMESHWAR THAKUR): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) 260 street level addas scattered all over Delhi were identified.

(c) Afghanistan and Pakistan are the sources/channels for Heriin/Smack and Opium and Pakistan and Nepal are the main sources for Charas Small quantities of Opium are also procured from indigenous illegal sources.

(d) Concerted efforts have been made for the eradication of street level addas and as a consequence, as per available information, 148 addas have been busted by Delhi Police. De-addiction and rehabilitation programme through voluntary agencies, have also been taken up.

Revision of pay scale for assistants and stenographer

1190. SHRI VITHALBHAI M. PATEL: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that pay scales of Assistants and Stenographers have been revised from Rs. 1400-2600 to Rs. 1640-2900;

(b) if so, whether the revision of pay scales was extended to those Government servants drawing identical scales in various posts;

(c) whether there is resentment among Assistants/Stenographers who have not been provided the revised scale, who do not belong to All India Service concerning recruitment in Government services;

(d) whether it is also a fact that Government propose to extend the facility of revised scales to those Assistants/Stenographers who do not belong to any cadre but drawing the same scale prior to revision of pay scales by Government of India; and

(e) whether Government of India also proposed to give revised pay scales to Stenographers (Hindi-cum-English) working in Vidhi Sahitya Prakashan, Ministry of Law and Justice who are not recruited through

UPSC/SSC or any All India competitive Examinations but are appointed through departmental candidates?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI SHANTARAM POTDUKHE): (a) and (b) A copy of the order issued by the Department of Personnel & Training revising the scales of pay of Assistants of the Central Secretariat Service and Grade 'C' Stenographers of the Central Secretariat Stenographers Service alongwith subsequent clarificatory instructions are enclosed (Statement I and II) (*See* below)

(c) Some representations have been received.

(d) No such proposal is under consideration at present.

(e) Relevant information is being collected from the Ministry of Law & Justice.

STATEMENT—I

COPY

No. 2|1|90-CS. IV

Government of India

Ministry of Personnel, Public

Grievances and Pensions

Department of Personnel & Training

New Delhi, dated the 31st July, 1990.

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Subject:—Revision of scale of pay of Assistant Grade of Central Secretariat Service and Grade 'C' Stenographers of Central Secretariat Stenographers Service.

The undersigned is directed to say that the question regarding revision of scale of pay for the post of Assistants in the Central Secretariat etc., has been under consideration of the Government in terms of order dated 23rd May, 1989 in OA No. 1538/87 by the Central Administrative Tribunal, Principal Bench, New Delhi for some time past. The President is now pleased to prescribe the revised scale of Rs. 1640-60-2600-EB—75—2900 for the pre-revised scale of Rs. 425-15-500-EB—15—650—20—700—EB-25-800 for duty posts included in the Assistant Grade of Central Secretariat Service and and Grade 'C' Stenographers of Central Secretariat Stenographers Service with effect from 1.1.86. The same revised pay scale will also be applicable to Assistants and Stenographers in other Organisations like Ministry of External Affairs which are not participating in the Central Secretariat Service and Central Secretariat Stenographers Service but where the posts are in comparable grades with the same classification and pay scales and the method of recruitment through Open Competitive Examination is also the same.

2. Pay of the Assistants and Grade 'C' Stenographers in position as on 1.1.86, shall be fixed in terms of Central Civil Service (Revised Pay) Rules, 1986. The employees concerned shall be given option to opt for the revised scale of pay from 1-1-86 or subsequent date in terms of dule 5 ibid, read with Ministry of Finance OM No. 7(52-E. III/86 dated 22.12.1986 & 27.5.1988 in the form appended to Second Schedule of the rule ibid. This option should be exercised within three months of the date of issue of this O.M. The option once exercised shall be final.

3. Formal amendment to CSS (RP) Rules, 1986 will be issued in due course.

4. This issue with the concurrence of Ministry of Finance, (Department of Expenditure) vide their UO No. 7(43|IC|89 dated 30.7.90.

(Sd/-....)

(Gurnihal Singh Pirzada)
Under Secretary to the Government of India.

To

(1) All Ministries/Departments,

(2) Copy to Ministry of Finance, Department of Expendiutre (Implementation Cell) Shri V. R. Sundaram, Desk Officer (IC), Room No. 76-A, North Block w.r.t. their U.O. Note No. 7 (43)|IC|89 dated 30.7.90 (with 200 copies).

(Sd/.....)
(Gurnihal Singh Pirzada)
Under Secretary to the Government of India.

STATEMENT II

No. 6|6|90-CS—I

Government of India

Ministry of Personnel Public Grievances & Pension

(Deptt. of Personnel & Training)

New Delhi, the 3-1-91

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Subject:—Revision of scale of pay of Assistants' Grade of CSS and Grade 'C' Stenographers of CSSS.

The undersigned is directed to refer to this Department's O.M. No. 2|1|90-CS-IV dated 31st July, 1990 on the subject above and to say that references/representations are being received in this Department both from Ministries/|Departments and individuals for defencing the exact scope of these orders and also for revision of the scale of pay of various posts including therein the subordinate offices etc. which are not covered by this Department's O.M. It is clarified that the Central Administrative Tribunal, Principal Bench, New Delhi held that, prima facie, there was an anomaly in the scale of pay for the posts of Assistants in the Central Sectt. The Government, after taking into account the observation of the Hon'ble Tribunal, decided o remove the anomaly, vide O.M. dt. 31st July, 1990 by revising the scale of pay of Assistants of the Central Secretariat Service and Grade 'C' Stenographers of the Central Secretariat Stenographers' Service.

2. It has been clarified in the said O.M. that the revised scale is also available in cases of posts where direct recruitment is made through the same Open Competitive Examination *i.e.* Indian Foreign Service (B), Railway Board Secretariat Service, Armed Forces Head Quarters Civil Services, Election Commission, Central Vigilance Commission, Ministry of Parliamentary Affairs etc., where the method of recruitment is direct recruitment through the Assistants' Grade Examination and Stenographers' Grade 'C' Examination respectively conducted by the Staff Selection Commission (earlier conducted by the Union Public Service Commission).

3. There has been no anomaly in case of posts of Assistants and Stenographers or other posts in the pre-revised scale of Rs. 425-800 where the method of recruitment is not through the same Open Competitive Examination as in case of service covered above. Accordingly, these orders are not applicable to such posts in the Ministries/Departments and those attached|Subordinate offices including autonomous bodies etc. which do not come within the purview of the services/posts referred to the paras 1 and above.

4. The Ministries/Departments are requested to keep in view the exact scope of the orders contained in O.M. dt. 31-7-90 as explained above and ensure that these orders are applied correctly and representations if any are disposed of accordingly. In case there is any merit of justification for revision of scale of pay for any post on a functional basis, the matter may be examined by the Administraitve Ministry and taken up with the

Ministry of Finance through the Integrated Finance Division in accordance with normal procedure for revision of scale of pay for any post.

5. This issues with the concurrence of the Ministry of Finance (Deptt. of Expenditure) vide their U.O. No. 866-IC-90 dated 26-12-90.

(Sd/-.....)

(G. S. Pirzada)
Under Secretary to the Govt. of India

To

All Ministries/Departments

Copy to:—M/o Finance (D/o Expenditure) with reference to their U.O. No. 866-IC--90 dated 26-12-90.

Increase in Share Prices due to Boom in Stock Market

1191. SHRI VITHALBHAI M. PATEL: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that a number of companies have benefited because of boom in share market from March, 1991 to June 1992;

(b) if so, whether Government have got the information about the percentage of increase in the prices of shares during the above period;

(c) whether it is also a fact that Government have enquired about the malpractices done by the Chairman of the companies the prices of whose shares have increased artificially; and

(d) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI RAMESHWAR THAKUR): (a) As it is easier to raise capital directly from the market for financing projects during a boom period in the stock market, the corporate sector as a whole has generally benefited from such a situation.

(b) The rise in prices of shares was reflected in the movement of the Bombay Stock Exchange Sensitive Index (1978-79—100) which increased from 1225.44 on 4th March, 1991 to 3080.54 on 26th June, 1992.

(c) and (d) If specific cases of malpractices are brought to the notice of the Government, appropriate action will be taken.

Loans provided by Tourism Finance Corporation of India to various Companies

1192. SHRI VISHWASRAO PATIL: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state the names of the companies which have been provided loans alongwith the amount thereof by the Tourism Finance Corporation of India during the last years?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI DALBIR SINGH): The Tourism Finance Corporation of India (TFCI) has reported that it has sanctioned an aggregate amount of Rs. 241.22 crores to 117 companies assisted by it during the last three years of its operations viz. 1989-90, 1990-91 and 1991-92. An aggregate amount of Rs. 100.27 crores has also been disbursed during the period.

As regards the names of the companies and the amounts sanctioned to each one of them, in accordance with the practices and usages customary amongst the banks and financial institutions, TFCI does not divulge details relating to its individual constituents. Further, TFCI is not a Government Company in terms of the Companies Act, 1956.

कुल्लू में मंदिरों द्वारा सोने का निवेश राष्ट्रीय रक्षा स्वर्ण बाण्ड 1980 में किया जाना

1193. **श्री महेश्वर सिंह :** क्या वित्त मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या हिमाचल प्रदेश में कुल्लू जिले के मन्दिरों ने अपने सोने का निवेश